FONTFONT OPENTYPE®



FONTFONT INFO GUIDE FOR

FF DIN Bold

Offc | Offc Pro or Web | Web Pro



SECTIONS

- Font and Designer Information
- B| Language Support
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SECTION A FONT & DESIGNER INFORMATION

Handgloves

ABOUT FF DIN BOLD

In 1994, in San Francisco, Albert-Jan Pool and Erik Spiekermann took a cab together from the ATypI conference to the airport. Spiekermann knew that Pool's employer went bust, so he told him that if he wanted to earn some money with type design, he should have a look at fonts such as OCR and DIN. At the same time, he invited Pool to Berlin to discuss the idea in detail. One year later, FontFont published Pool's typeface FF OCR-F, followed by the family FF DIN. Spiekermann had the skill to point out an empty space in the market. Digital DIN fonts were available at that time, however, only in two weights and solely in pure geometric shape. Pool designed a family of five weights, he added true italics and also some alternative characters, such as the "i" with a round dot and the lower case figures. With time, DIN Condensed was added, as well as Greek and Cyrillic versions. The shape of the new FF DIN differs from the original mostly by thinner horizontal strokes and by more fluent curves. Despite its primitive, technical look and the clear reference to the German motorway signboards, FF DIN became a phenomenon. The typeface has even pervaded book and magazine typography, and it found its place in posters of cultural institutions.

ABOUT ALBERT-JAN POOL

Albert-Jan Pool was born in 1960 in Amsterdam. He studied at the Royal Academy of Arts in The Hague. Initiated by professor Gerrit Noordzij the Academy had become an incubator of type design. Albert-Jan was one of the co-founders of Letters], a group of young Dutch type designers. Many of its members (Frank Blokland, Erik and Petr van Blokland, Jelle Bosma, Luc(as) de Groot, Bart de Haas, Henk van Leyden, Peter-Matthias Noordzij, Marie-Cécile Noordzij-Pulles, Just van Rossum and Peter Verheul) have become well-known type designers. After his study he left for Germany. From 1987 to 1991 he was Type Director at Scangraphic in Wedel, near Hamburg. From 1991 to 1994 he was Manager of Type Design and Production at URW in Hamburg. During this time he completed his type families URW Imperial, URW Linear and URW Mauritius. By January 1995 he started his own studio Dutch Design in Hamburg. FF DIN and FF OCR-F were among his first projects. He had been teaching type design at the

Muthesius Hochschule in Kiel from 1995 to 1998, as well as typography at the Hamburg Academy for Marketing and Media. Together with type consultant Stefan Rögener of AdFinder GmbH and copywriter Ursula Packhäuser he wrote and designed a both useful and provocative book on the effects of type on brand image entitled "Branding with Type", which has been published by Adobe Press. Dutch Design finally merged into FarbTon Konzept + Design. The new company was co-founded 1999 with Jörn Iken, and Klaus-Peter-Staudinger, as well as with Birgit Hartmann who is also the mother of their daughter Pia-Elina (born 1999). For customers of FarbTon he created several corporate typefaces such as Jet Set Sans together with Syndicate Brand & Corporate for Jet/Conoco in 1997, C&A InfoType together with Factor Design for C&A in 1998, DTL HEIN GAS for HEIN GAS Hamburger Gaswerke in 1999 and Regenbogen Bold for Regenbogen, a political party in Germany in 2001. Pool is currently working on several new series in order to extend the family of FF DIN.

SECTION B LANGUAGE SUPPORT

SUPPORTED CODE PAGES STANDARD

Web

Offc

MACOS MACOS ICELANDIC MACOS ROMAN IBM IBM-37 UNITED STATES - EBCDIC (IBM-28709) IBM-273 GERMANY - EBCDIC IBM-277 DENMARK, NORWAY - EBCDIC IBM-278 FINLAND, SWEDEN - EBCDIC IBM-280 ITALY - EBCDIC IBM-282 IBM-284 SPAIN, LATIN AMERICA - EBCDIC

IBM-285 UNITED KINGDOM - EBCDIC IBM-297 FRANCE - EBCDIC IBM-500 INTERNATIONAL - EBCDIC IBM-871 ICELAND - EBCDIC IBM-1047 OPEN SYSTEMS - EBCDIC WINDOWS MS WINDOWS 1252 LATIN 1 ISO ISO 8859- 1 W EU LATIN 1 ISO 8859-15 WEST EUROPE LATIN 9

ADDITIONAL SUPPORTED CODE PAGES PRO



MACOS CENTR

MACOS CENTRAL EUROPE MACOS CROATIAN MACOS CYRILLIC MACOS GREEK MACOS ROMANIAN MACOS TURKISH MACOS UKRAINIAN IBM IBM-875 GREECE - EBCDIC IBM-921 BALTIC IBM-1025 CYRILLIC - EBCDIC IBM-1122 IBM-1124

WINDOWS

MS WINDOWS 1250 EASTERN EUROPEAN MS WINDOWS 1251 CYRILLIC MS WINDOWS 1253 GREEK MS WINDOWS 1254 TURKISH MS WINDOWS 1257 BALTIC ISO ISO 8859- 2 C EU LATIN 2 ISO 8859- 3 TU, MALT, GAL, ESP LATIN 3 ISO 8859- 4 BALTIC LATIN 6 ISO 8859- 5 CYRILLIC ISO 8859- 9 W EU+TURKISH LATIN 5 ISO 8859-10 SCANDINAVIAN LATIN 6 ISO 8859-13 BALTIC LATIN 7 ISO 8859-16 SOUTHEAST EUROPE LATIN 10

SUPPORTED LANGUAGES STANDARD



AFRIKAANS ALBANIAN AMHARIC (ETHIOPIC) [ROMANIZATION SYSTEM BGN/PCGN 1967] ARVANITIKA (LATIN) ASTURIAN BARABA TATAR BATS (LATIN) BISLAMA Bokmål Norwegian BRETON BURMESE (BURMESE) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1970] CATALAN CHAMORRO DANISH Duтсн EAST FRISIAN ENGLISH ESTONIAN FAEROESE FINNISH FRANCO-PROVENCAL FRENCH Frisian Friulian GALICIAN German GREEK (GREEK) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/ PCGN 1962] GREENLANDIC ICELANDIC INDONESIAN INTERLINGUA Irish ITALIAN JAPANESE (SINO-JAPANESE) [ROMANIZATION; KUNREI] KARAIM (LATIN) Kazan Tatar (latin) KURDISH (LATIN)

KYRGYZ (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1979] LADIN LAOTIAN (LAOTIAN) [ROMANIZATION; NATIONAL] LOW GERMAN LUXEMBOURGIAN MALAGASY MALAY (LATIN) MANX GAELIC NORTH FRISIAN NORTHERN SOTHO NYNORSK NORWEGIAN OCCITAN PILIPINO (TAGALOG) PORTUGUESE RHAETO-ROMANCE ROMANSCH RUSSIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1947] SCOTTISH GAELIC Somali SOUTHERN SAMI Southern Sotho Spanish Swedish TAHITIAN TSAKHUR (LATIN) TSONGA TSWANA TURKMEN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1979] UKRAINIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; NATIONAL, 1993] UME SAMI WALLOON WEST FRISIAN XHOSA YAPESE YIDDISH [ROMANIZATION] Zulu

B 5 FF DIN Bold

ADDITIONAL SUPPORTED LANGUAGES PRO



Abaza Adyghe Älvdalska AMHARIC (ETHIOPIC) [ROMANIZATION; UN 1967] ARAGONESE ARCHI ARUMANIAN ARVANITIKA (GREEK) Avar AZERBAIJANI (CYRILLIC) AZERBAIJANI (LATIN) BALK Basque **BOSNIAN (CYRILLIC)** BOSNIAN (LATIN) BOTLIKH Вирикн BULGARIAN BULGARIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1952] Buryat **BYELORUSSIAN (BELARUSIAN CYRILLIC)** BYELORUSSIAN (BELARUSIAN LATIN) CHECHEN (CYRILLIC) CHECHEN (LATIN) CHICHEWA COOK ISLANDS MAORI CRIMEAN TATAR (LATIN) CROATIAN CZECH DARGIN Dungan Erzya ESPERANTO GAGAUZ (LATIN) GODOBERI **GREEK MONOTONIC GREENLANDIC (PRE-1973)** HAWAIIAN

HUNGARIAN INARI SAMI INGUSH ISTRO-ROMANIAN JAPANESE (SINO-JAPANESE) [ROMANIZATION; MODIFIED HEPBURN] KABARDIAN KALMYK KARACHAY-BALKAR KARAIM (CYRILLIC) KARA-KALPAK Kashubian Kazakh KAZAKH (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1979] KAZAN TATAR (CYRILLIC) KHINALUG KHMER (KHMER) [ROMANIZATION; UN 1972] KOREAN (HANGUL) [ROMANIZATION; 1939 & 1984] Kryts Кимүк KURDISH (CYRILLIC) Kurmanji LADINO (LATIN) Lak LATIN LATVIAN (LETTISH) Lezgi LITHUANIAN LULE SAMI MACEDONIAN MACEDONIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; UN 1977] MALTESE Maori MARSHALLESE Мокзна MOLDAVIAN (LATIN) MONGOLIAN (CYRILLIC) MONGOLIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1964] Nanai

B 6 FF DIN Bold

Nogay NORTHERN SAMI Polish Portunhol Romani (latin) Romanian Russian RUSSIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; RUSSIAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES SYSTEM] RUSSIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; UN 1987, NATIONAL] Rusyn Rutul Samoan Sardinian SERBIAN (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; UN 1977] SERBIAN (LATIN) Slovak Slovenian SORBIAN LOWER SORBIAN UPPER TABASARAN Ταjik

TAJIK (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/ PCGN 1994] TALYSH (CYRILLIC) TATAR ΤΑΤΙ TONGAN TSAKHUR (CYRILLIC) TSAKONIAN MONOTONIC TURKISH TURKMEN TUVINIAN Ивукн Udi UKRAINIAN Uzbek UZBEK (CYRILLIC) [ROMANIZATION; BGN/PCGN 1979] Våmhusmål VEPSIAN WALLISIAN Welsh Wolof

SUP	PORTED	
UNICODE	RANGES	

Τιτιε	NUMBER OF CHARA STD	CTERS PRO	Examples
BASIC LATIN	97	97	!" # } ~
LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT	96	96	; ¢ £ ý þ ÿ
LATIN EXTENDED-A	13	128	ĀāĂŽží
LATIN EXTENDED-B	1	27	ə f Z Ț ț j
IPA EXTENSIONS		1	ə
Spacing Modifier Letters	10	10	· ,
GREEK AND COPTIC	5	74	; ˙¨ ὑ ώ β
Cyrillic		136	ЀЁЂ өӮӯ
LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL		10	Ŵ ẁ ᠱ ẍ Ÿ ỳ
GENERAL PUNCTUATION	19	20	<>/
SUPERSCRIPTS AND SUBSCRIPTS	17	17	045
CURRENCY SYMBOLS	2	2	€ ₴
Letterlike Symbols	3	3	Nº ™ Ω
Number Forms	13	13	1/ ₃ 2/ ₃ 1/ ₅ 5/ ₈ 7/ ₈ 1/

в 8 FF DIN Bold

Τιτιε	NUMBER OF CHARA STD	CTERS PRO	Examples
Arrows	8	8	$\leftarrow \land \rightarrow \dots \land \lor \lor$
MATHEMATICAL OPERATORS	14	14	∂Δ∏≤≥.
GEOMETRIC SHAPES	1	1	\$
ALPHABETIC PRESENTATION FORM	S 2	2	fi fl

SECTION C TYPE SPECIMENS

FF DIN Bold

Shag pile i13

AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHhliJjKkLl

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 0123456789

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

FF DIN Offc Bold 14/16 pt

Sempre domenica prenderà vita una giornata Gut getarnt im Neptungras steht ein Kuckuckslipp. Serán, a juicio de los científicos, tres épocas Onks tää vika kysymys. Hän on

FF DIN Offc Bold 12/14 pt

Sempre domenica prenderà vita una giornata Gut getarnt im Neptungras steht ein Kuckuckslipp. Serán, a juicio de los científicos, tres épocas Onks tää vika kysymys. Hän on työskennellyt II y aurait bien de choses à dire

FF DIN Offc Bold 10/12 pt

Sempre domenica prenderà vita una giornata Gut getarnt im Neptungras steht ein Kuckuckslipp. Serán, a juicio de los científicos, tres épocas Onks tää vika kysymys. Hän on työskennellyt II y aurait bien de choses à dire là-dessus. Several tenors sing in culturally void display. Eigentlich wollen die Leute nur die Sonne

FF DIN Offc Bold 8/10 pt

Sempre domenica prenderà vita una giornata Gut getarnt im Neptungras steht ein Kuckuckslipp. Serán, a juicio de los científicos, tres épocas Onks tää vika kysymys. Hän on työskennellyt II y aurait bien de choses à dire là-dessus. Several tenors sing in culturally void display. Eigentlich wollen die Leute nur die Sonne genießen. Ayer, todavía en pleno echazo,